

EUROCAT Registries: Population definition, geographic area, stillbirth definition for denominators, upper gestational age limit for TOPFA, and maximum age at diagnosis.

Registry	Population Definition*	Geographical area	Stillbirth Definition for Denominators	Upper gestational age limit for TOPFA	Maximum age at diagnosis
Full members					
Austria, Styria	Population-based I	Province of Styria	Late fetal death from a Crown Foot Length $\geq 35\text{cm}$. From 1995 limit of $\geq 500\text{g}$ introduced by law	No upper limit if serious psychological or health problems for mother or the fetus were to be expected.	Up to 1 year
Belgium, Antwerp	Population-based I	Province of Antwerp	Gestational age ≥ 180 days	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
Belgium, Hainaut-Namur	Population-based II	Province of Hainaut (South) and Namur	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
Bulgaria, Pleven	Population-based II	Region of Pleven	until 1992: ≥ 28 gestational weeks; after 1992: ≥ 24 gestational weeks	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 week, or up to 1 year for selected anomalies (e.g. CHD, urogenital)
Croatia, Zagreb	Population-based I	North-western Croatia: regions of Pula, Rijeka and provinces of Varaždin, Koprivnica and Vinkovci (East Croatia).	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 22 weeks.	Up to 1 year

Denmark, Funen	Population-based I	Funen with surrounding small islands	Until April 2004: ≥ 28 gestational weeks After April 2004: ≥ 22 gestational weeks	If a congenital anomaly is diagnosed, the upper gestational age for termination is usually before viability (< 22 weeks). If a lethal malformation is diagnosed after fetal viability it may be possible to have permission to induce the birth.	Up to 5 years
France, Auvergne	Population-based I	Region of Auvergne	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
France Brittany	Population-based I	Region of Brittany	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
France French West Indies	Population-based I	Martinique and Guadeloupe	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
France, Ile de la Reunion	Population-based III	Réunion Island	Gestational age ≥ 20 weeks	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
France, Paris	Population-based I	Until 2000: Greater Paris From 2001: only women residing in Paris and delivering in a Parisian maternity unit	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 week
Germany, Saxony-Anhalt	Population-based III	Federal State of Saxony-Anhalt	Until April 1994: weight ≥ 1000 g From April 1994: weight ≥ 500 g	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year
Ireland, Cork & Kerry	Population-based I	Counties of Cork and Kerry	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	Until January 2019 TOPFA was illegal in Ireland. From 2019: No upper gestational age for termination if fatal congenital anomaly is diagnosed	Up to 7 years
Ireland, South-East Ireland	Population-based I	South East Ireland	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	Until January 2019 TOPFA was illegal in Ireland. From 2019: No upper gestational age for termination if fatal congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	No upper age limit
Italy, Emilia Romagna	Population-based II	Region of Emilia Romagna	Gestational age ≥ 180 days	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 23 weeks.	Up to 1 year
Italy, Metropolitan Milan Area	Population-based I	Provinces of Milan and Lodi	Gestational age ≥ 180 days or more gestation (25+6weeks)	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 23 weeks.	Up to 15 months

Italy, Trento	Population-based I	Province of Trento	Gestational age ≥ 180 days	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 23 weeks.	Up to 1 year
Italy, Tuscany	Population-based I	Region of Tuscany	Gestational age ≥ 180 days	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 22 weeks.	Up to 1 year
Italy, Val Padana	Population-based I	Provinces of Mantova and Cremona	Gestational age ≥ 180 days	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 23 weeks.	Up to 1 year
Malta	Population-based I	Malta and Gozo	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight > 500 g	Termination of pregnancy is illegal in Malta.	Up to 1 year
Netherlands, Northern	Population-based I	Provinces of Groningen, Friesland and Drenthe	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks	The upper age limit for termination of pregnancy (for social reasons and for fetal anomaly) is 24 weeks. Termination of pregnancy after 24 weeks is allowed when the fetus is affected with a congenital anomaly that is considered lethal.	Up to 10 years
Norway	Population-based II	Country of Norway	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 18 weeks, but in severe situations terminations may also be carried out after 18 weeks.	Up to 1 year
Poland, Wielkopolska	Population-based I	Wielkopolska Region	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	Termination of pregnancy due to fetal anomalies is illegal in Poland.	Up to 18 years
Portugal, South	Population-based I	Regions of Algarve, Alentejo, part of the Lisboa e Vale do Tejo Region (Setubal and part of Santarem Districts)	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 24 weeks.	Up to 1 year

Spain, Basque country	Population-based III	Basque Country Region	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks and weight ≥ 500 g	The upper gestational age limit for TOPFA depends on the seriousness of the condition: 1. Up to 22 weeks, if there is risk of serious fetal anomalies (a previous clinical report from other two specialists is required). 2. Unlimited, if fetal anomalies incompatible with life are detected (a previous clinical report from another specialist is required), or an extremely serious and incurable (at the moment of diagnosis) disease is detected (confirmation from a clinical committee is required).	Up to 1 year
Spain, Navarra	Population-based I	Community of Navarre (Comunidad Foral de Navarra)	Gestational age ≥ 23 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	The upper gestational age limit for TOPFA depends on the seriousness of the condition: 1. Up to 22 weeks, if there is risk of serious fetal anomalies (a previous clinical report from other two specialists is required). 2. Unlimited, if fetal anomalies incompatible with life are detected (a previous clinical report from another specialist is required), or an extremely serious and incurable (at the moment of diagnosis) disease is detected (confirmation from a clinical committee is required).	Up to 15 years
Spain, Valencian Region	Population-based I	Valencian Region (Comunitat Valenciana)	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks	The upper gestational age limit for TOPFA depends on the seriousness of the condition: 1. Up to 22 weeks, if there is risk of serious fetal anomalies (a previous clinical report from other two specialists is required). 2. Unlimited, if fetal anomalies incompatible with life are detected (a previous clinical report from another specialist is required), or an extremely serious and incurable (at the moment of diagnosis) disease is detected (confirmation from a clinical committee is required).	Up to 1 year

Switzerland, Vaud	Population-based I	Canton of Vaud	Gestational age ≥ 27 weeks or length ≥ 30 cm	The upper gestational age limit for terminations is 24 weeks.	No upper age limit
Ukraine, OMNI-Net	Population-based III	Two oblasts (provinces) of Western Ukraine – Rivne and Khmelnytsky	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or ≥ 500 g of weight	The upper gestational age limit for terminations was 22 weeks and/or upper weight of 500g.	Up to 1 year
United Kingdom, England NCARDS	Population-based III	Country of England	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks	If congenital anomaly is diagnosed, the pregnancy can be terminated before 24 weeks of gestation under Grounds 1(1)(a) of the Abortion Act. After 24 weeks pregnancies may only be terminated under Grounds E: physical or mental abnormalities giving a substantial risk that the child if born would be severely handicapped.	No upper age limit
United Kingdom, Wales	Population-based III	Country of Wales	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed as per Grounds E of the Abortion Act 1967	Up to 18 years
Associate members					
Finland	Population-based I	Country of Finland	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	Termination of pregnancy for fetal anomalies after 20 weeks and up to 24 weeks of gestation can be granted after special permission from an ethical committee at the National Supervisory Authority for Welfare and Health, when a severe fetal malformation or disease has been detected by reliable prenatal diagnostics.	Up to 1 year
Poland	Population-based I	Country of Poland	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	Termination of pregnancy due to fetal anomalies is illegal in Poland	Up to 18 years

Spain, Hospital Network (ECEMC)	Hospital-based	Hospitals in all Spanish regions	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks or weight ≥ 500 g	The upper gestational age limit for TOPFA depends on the seriousness of the condition: 1. Up to 22 weeks, if there is risk of serious fetal anomalies (a previous clinical report from other two specialists is required). 2. Unlimited, if fetal anomalies incompatible with life are detected (a previous clinical report from another specialist is required), or an extremely serious and incurable (at the moment of diagnosis) disease is detected (confirmation from a clinical committee is required).	Up to 3 days, but longer follow-up in selected cases
Sweden	Population-based I	Country of Sweden	Gestational age ≥ 22 weeks	Termination of pregnancy for fetal anomalies after 18 weeks and up to 23 weeks of gestation can be granted after special permission from an ethical committee at the National Board of Health and Welfare.	Up to 1 month, but up to 1 year for CHD
United Kingdom, Scotland	Population-based II	Country of Scotland	Gestational age ≥ 24 weeks	No upper gestational age for termination if congenital anomaly is diagnosed.	Up to 1 year

* Population-based I – All mothers resident in defined geographic area
Population-based II – All mothers delivering within defined geographic area, irrespective of place of residence
Population-based III – All mothers delivering in defined geographic area excluding non-residents of that area
Hospital-based – All mothers delivering in selected hospitals irrespective of place of residence

Table updated on 17/06/2024